

# UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
United States Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450
www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO	. I	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/036,794	<u> </u>	11/07/2001	Yeshik Shin	594728114US	5404	
25096	7590	12/01/2004		EXAMINER		
PERKINS	COIE LI	_P	KERVEROS, JAMES C			
PATENT-S P.O. BOX				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
	SEATTLE, WA 98111-1247			2133		
				DATE MAILED: 12/01/2004		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			W				
. · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	10/036,794	SHIN ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	JAMES C KERVEROS	2133					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appr Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	i6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONEI	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 07 Se	eptember 2004.						
2a) ☑ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☐ This	action is non-final.						
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under E.	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	3 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims							
4) Claim(s) 1-11,13-31 and 33 is/are pending in the 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.  6) Claim(s) 1-11, 13-31 and 33 is/are rejected.  7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.  8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.						
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner	г.						
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on 15 April 2002 is/are: a)	oxtimes accepted or b) $igsqcup$ objected to t	by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the o	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	, ,					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti  11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex-							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)	-(d) or (f).					
a) All b) Some * c) None of:	priority under do d.d.d. § 110(a)	(4) 5, (7).					
<ol> <li>Certified copies of the priority documents</li> </ol>	s have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents	•••						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior		d in this National Stage					
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
occ the attached detailed office action for a list of	or the defined dopies not receive	u.					
Attachment(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary						
Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)     Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)     Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5)  Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	atent Application (PTO-152)					

Art Unit: 2133 -

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

Page 2

1. This is a Final Office Action in response to Amendment filed September 7, 2004, in reply to the Office Action mailed on May 6, 2004.

Claims 12 and 32 are cancelled. Claims 1-11, 13-31 and 33 are now pending and are presently under examination.

- 2. The abstract of the disclosure is objected to because on lines 8 and 10, the term "may" is a legal phraseology. The abstract should be in narrative form and it should positively describe the claimed invention. In this case the tem "may" implies optional action. Correction is required. See MPEP § 608.01(b).
- 3. Prior Office Action Claim Objections and Rejections under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph is hereby withdrawn in view of the amendment.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

4. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 10, 11, 13-20, 30, 31 and 33 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

5. Independent claim 10 recites the limitation, "wherein the communications device that transmitted the data to the switch is not notified of the error", which lacks antecedent basis for "the communications device". Since "the identified communications device" receiving the error message is not the same as, "the communications device"

Art Unit: 2133

not notified of the error, the two devices should be clearly defined as two distinguishable separate devices.

6. Independent Claim 30 recites the limitation "transmitting an error message to the communications device that transmitted the data to the switch". There is insufficient antecedent basis for the limitation "the communications device". Since "the identified communications device" receiving the error message is not the same as, "the communications device" not notified of the error, the two devices should be clearly defined as two distinguishable separate devices.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

7. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-11, 13-31 and 33 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Haartsen (US 5699367), issued: December 16, 1997.

Regarding independent Claim 1, Haartsen discloses a method in a network of switches for handling errors, such as data transmission over a chain of cascaded links that makes use of packet retransmission for error correction, Figures 1-5, comprising:

Receiving a request, such as transaction Automatic Repeat Query (ARQ) using (local ARQ protocol) at a switch located in a (RELAY STATION) from an initiator

communications device (END STATION A), by applying a distributed local ARQ protocol over the nonsensitive link coupled between the (END STATION A) and the (RELAY STATION), as shown in FIG. 4, and transmitting the transaction request (local ARQ protocol) through the network (RELAY STATION) to a responding communications device (END STATION B), by applying a distributed local ARQ protocol over the sensitive link coupled between the (RELAY STATION) and the (END STATION A), as shown in FIG. 4.

Receiving a transaction response [acknowledgement signal (ACK)] at a switch located in (RELAY STATION) from the responding communications device (END STATION B) and transmitting the transaction response (ACK) through the network (RELAY STATION) to the initiator communications device (END STATION A). In this case, the destination (END STATION B) checks the transmitted packet for correctness and either sends an acknowledgement signal (ACK) to the initiator communications device (END STATION A), with the packet number or a non-acknowledgement signal (NAK) in case the packet has been correctly or incorrectly received, respectively, (Col. 3. lines 45-50).

And upon the (END STATION B) detecting an error, such as a cyclic-redundancy-check CRC or forward-error-correction FEC in the data packet, during the transmission of the transaction response (ACK), then the (END STATION B) terminates the transmission and transmits an error message, such as a non-acknowledgement signal (NAK) to the initiator communications device (END STATION A) in case the packet has been incorrectly received by the (END STATION B).

Art Unit: 2133

Regarding independent Claim 10, Haartsen discloses a method in a switch for handling errors, such as data transmission over a chain of cascaded links that makes use of packet retransmission for error correction, Figures 1-5, including the common limitations, as applied to claim 1, of detecting an error and transmitting an error message to the initiator communications device (END STATION A), such as a cyclic-redundancy-check CRC or forward-error-correction FEC occurring in the data packet during transmission.

In addition to the common limitations of claim 1, above, Haartsen discloses identifying the communications device such as (END STATION A) that initiated the transmission of the data packets having error detection coding (D) and packet number (N). In this case, (END STATION A) acts as the destination and checks the local error detection coding. Once the packet has been correctly received, the destination acknowledges receipt of the packet by acknowledging the end-to-end packet numbering to the source (END STATION A), (col. 3, lines 5-15).

Regarding independent Claim 21, Haartsen discloses a communications device, such as data transmission over a chain of cascaded links that makes use of packet retransmission for error correction, Figures 1-5, including the common limitations, as applied to claim 1, of detecting an error and transmitting an error message to the initiator communications device (END STATION A), such as a cyclic-redundancy-check CRC or forward-error-correction FEC occurring in the data packet during transmission.

In addition to the common limitations of claim 1, above, Haartsen discloses identifying the communications device such as (END STATION A) that initiated the

transmission of the data packets having error detection coding (D) and packet number (N). In this case, (END STATION A) acts as the destination and checks the local error detection coding. Once the packet has been correctly received, the destination acknowledges receipt of the packet by acknowledging the end-to-end packet numbering to the source (END STATION A), (col. 3, lines 5-15).

Regarding independent Claim 30, Haartsen discloses a switch, such as data transmission over a chain of cascaded links that makes use of packet retransmission for error correction, Figures 1-5, including the common limitations, as applied to claim 1, means of detecting an error and transmitting an error message to the initiator communications device (END STATION A), such as a cyclic-redundancy-check CRC or forward-error-correction FEC occurring in the data packet during transmission.

In addition to the common limitations of claim 1, above, Haartsen discloses identifying the communications device such as (END STATION A) that initiated the transmission of the data packets having error detection coding (D) and packet number (N). In this case, (END STATION A) acts as the destination and checks the local error detection coding. Once the packet has been correctly received, the destination acknowledges receipt of the packet by acknowledging the end-to-end packet numbering to the source (END STATION A), (col. 3, lines 5-15).

Regarding Claims 2, 3, 4, 5, 20, Haartsen discloses an initiator communications device (END STATION A) responsible for handling the error, when a non-acknowledgement signal is produced, then the source (END STATION A) responds with a retransmission of the incorrect packet. If an acknowledgement signal is not

Art Unit: 2133

received within the time-out period, the source (END STATION A) automatically retransmits the packet using the Automatic Repeat Query (ARQ) or Automatic Repeat Request which is more secure than the use of non-acknowledgement signals. (Col. 3, lines 40-45). The initiator communications device (END STATION A) then forwards error message (NAK) to an application layer, such as a portable data device such as a laptop, PDA, FIG. 2.

Regarding Claim 6, Haartsen discloses upon the detecting an error (NACK) during the transmission of (ARQ), such as a cyclic-redundancy-check CRC or forward-error-correction FEC in the data packet, an (END STATION B) which terminates the transmission and transmits an error message, a non-acknowledgement signal (NAK) to the initiator communications device (END STATION A) in case the packet has been incorrectly received by the (END STATION B).

Regarding Claim 13, Haartsen discloses an (END STATION B), which transmits an error message, such as a non-acknowledgement signal (NAK) to the initiator communications device (END STATION A).

Regarding Claim 16, Haartsen discloses an (END STATION B) for detecting an error (NSCK), such as a cyclic-redundancy-check CRC or forward-error-correction FEC in the data packet, during the transmission of ARQ from the identified device (END STATION A) to the (END STATION B).

Regarding Claim 17, Haartsen discloses an (END STATION B) for detecting an error, such as a cyclic-redundancy-check CRC or forward-error-correction FEC in the

Art Unit: 2133

data packet, during the transmission (ACK) from the (END STATION B) to the identified communications device (END STATION A).

Regarding Claim 18, Haartsen discloses an identified communications device (END STATION A) which handles the Error (NACK).

Regarding Claim 19, Haartsen discloses an identified communications device (END STATION A) which initiates the transmission of data by transmitting an ARQ request to responding communications device (END STATION B).

Regarding Claim 28, Haartsen discloses error detection during transmission of a request (ARQ) from the identified communications device (END STATION A) to a responding communications device (END STATION B).

Regarding Claim 29, Haartsen discloses an error (NACK) detected during transmission of a response transmitted from a responding communications device (END STATION B) to the identified communications device (END STATION A).

Regarding Claim 33, Haartsen discloses means (RELAY STATION), as shown in Figure 4, for receiving an error message addressed to an initiator communications device (END STATION A).

Regarding Claims 7, 8, 14, 23, 25, 26, Haartsen discloses an initiator communications device, (END STATION A), a responding communications device (END STATION B) and a switch located in (RELAY STATION), which are part of a storage area network having storage capacity for storing packet data information for transmission over cascaded links, where the responding communications device (END

STATION B) is a data store device for storing data information, as designated by the packet storage boxes in FIG. 4.

Regarding Claim 9, Haartsen discloses a switch located in (RELAY STATION) upon receiving the error message, such as a non-acknowledgement signal (NAK) by (END STATION B), which then terminates the transmission and transmits the error message (NAK) to (END STATION A).

Regarding Claims 11, 22, 31, Haartsen discloses identifying the communications device such as (END STATION A) that initiated the transmission of the data packets, which have error detection coding (D) and packet number (N). In this case, (END STATION A) acts as the destination and checks the local error detection coding. Once the packet has been correctly received, the destination acknowledges receipt of the packet by acknowledging the end-to-end packet numbering to the source (END STATION A). Further, the identifying step includes retrieving an address such as packet number (N) corresponding to the communications device (END STATION A), (col. 3, lines 5-15).

Regarding Claims 15, 24, 27, Haartsen discloses a communications device (END STATION A) that transmitted the data to the switch located in (RELAY STATION) is not notified of the error. The (END STATION A) is notified of the error, only when (END STATION B) detects an error and transmits the error message (NAK) to (END STATION A), or when (END STATION B) checks the transmitted packet for correctness and sends an acknowledgement signal (ACK) to (END STATION A) indicating no error.

Application/Control Number: 10/036,794 Page 10

Art Unit: 2133

#### Response to Arguments

8. Applicant's arguments filed September 7, 2004 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Claims 1-11, 13-31 and 33 are still rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Haartsen (US 5699367), as set forth in the present Office Action.

9. In reference to claims 1-9, Applicant argues that upon detecting an error during the transmission of the transaction response from a responding communications device, a switch transmits "an error message to the initiator communications device", which sends a transaction request. Rather than transmitting the error message to the responding communications device, the switch transmits the error message to the initiator communications device, as recited in the independent claim 1.

In response to Applicant's argument above, as stated in the Office Action,

Haartsen upon detecting an error, such as a cyclic-redundancy-check CRC or forwarderror-correction FEC in the data packet, during the transmission of the transaction
response (ACK), the responding communications device (END STATION B) terminates
the transmission and transmits an error message, such as a non-acknowledgement
signal (NAK) to the initiator communications device (END STATION A) in case the
packet has been incorrectly received by the (END STATION B).

In reference to claims 10-11, 13-31 and 33, Applicant argues that an error message is transmitted to the communications device that initiated the transmission of the data, rather than the communications device that actually transmitted the data, as in claim 21, which recites transmitting "an error message to the identified

Art Unit: 2133

communications device (that initiated the transmission of the data) rather than reporting the error to the transmitting communications device (that transmitted the data).

In response to Applicant's argument above, Haartsen transmits an error message, such as a non-acknowledgement signal (NAK) to the initiator communications device (END STATION A) in case the packet has been incorrectly received by the (END STATION B), rather than reporting the error to the transmitting communications device (END STATION B).

Furthermore, Applicant argues that contrary to the Haartsen reference, the claims recite that an error message is sent to the initiator device, rather than the transmitting device. Applicant cites an example of a client computer and a storage device, where Haartsen's NACK method would send the error message to the storage device when an error is detected in the response sent from the storage device to the client computer. With the claimed invention, the error message is sent to the client computer, rather than to the storage device.

Contrary to Applicant's assertion, the communications device (END STATION B) sends the error message to the initiator communications device (END STATION A), since in this example the (END STATION A) is the client computer and the (END STATION B) is the storage device. Therefore, it would not be logical for Haartsen's NACK method to send the error message to the storage device as argued by the Applicant, since Haartsen transmits an error (NAK) to the client computer, as a result of the data packet being incorrectly received by the storage device (END STATION B).

Application/Control Number: 10/036,794 Page 12

Art Unit: 2133

Also, it is noted that the features upon which applicant relies in his arguments (i.e., the communication example of a client computer and a storage device) are not recited in the rejected claims. Although the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification or from the arguments are not read into the claims. See *In re Van Geuns*, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993).

#### Conclusion

10. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE. MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Application/Control Number: 10/036,794 Page 13

Art Unit: 2133

11. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to JAMES C KERVEROS whose telephone number is (571) 272-3824. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:00 AM TO 5:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Albert Decady can be reached on (571) 272-3819. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

U.S. PATENT OFFICE

Examiner's Fax: (571) 273-3824

Email: james.kerveros@uspto.gov

Date: 18 November 2004

Office Action: Final Rejection

JAMES C KERVEROS

Examiner
Art Unit 2133

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2100